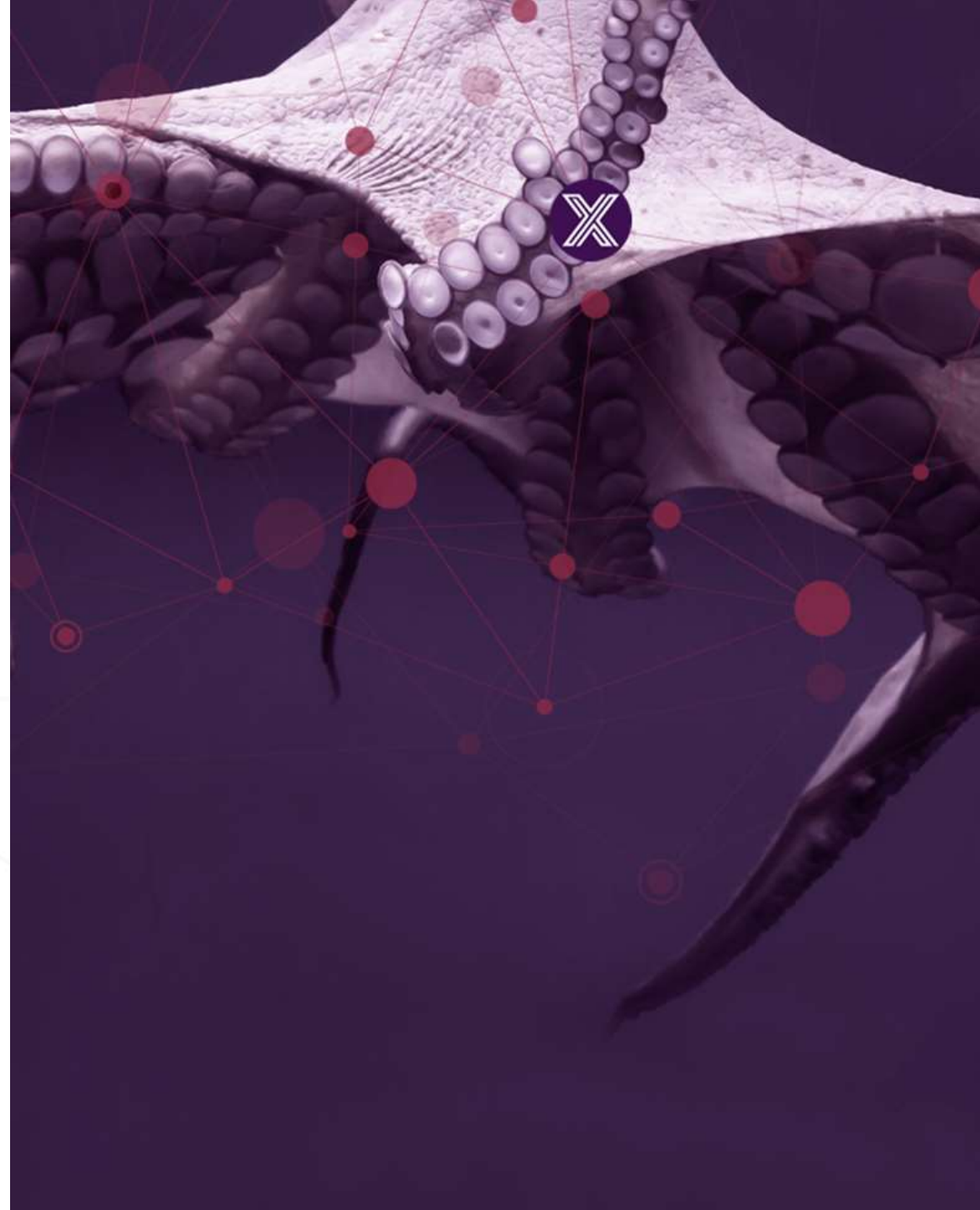




# Introduction, Status & Roadmap

6/30/18



# Agenda

- History, rationale, & background on EdgeX
- How EdgeX works
  - Architecture and technology
- Current Status
  - Ecosystem and releases
  - Roadmap
- Dell Technologies Investment



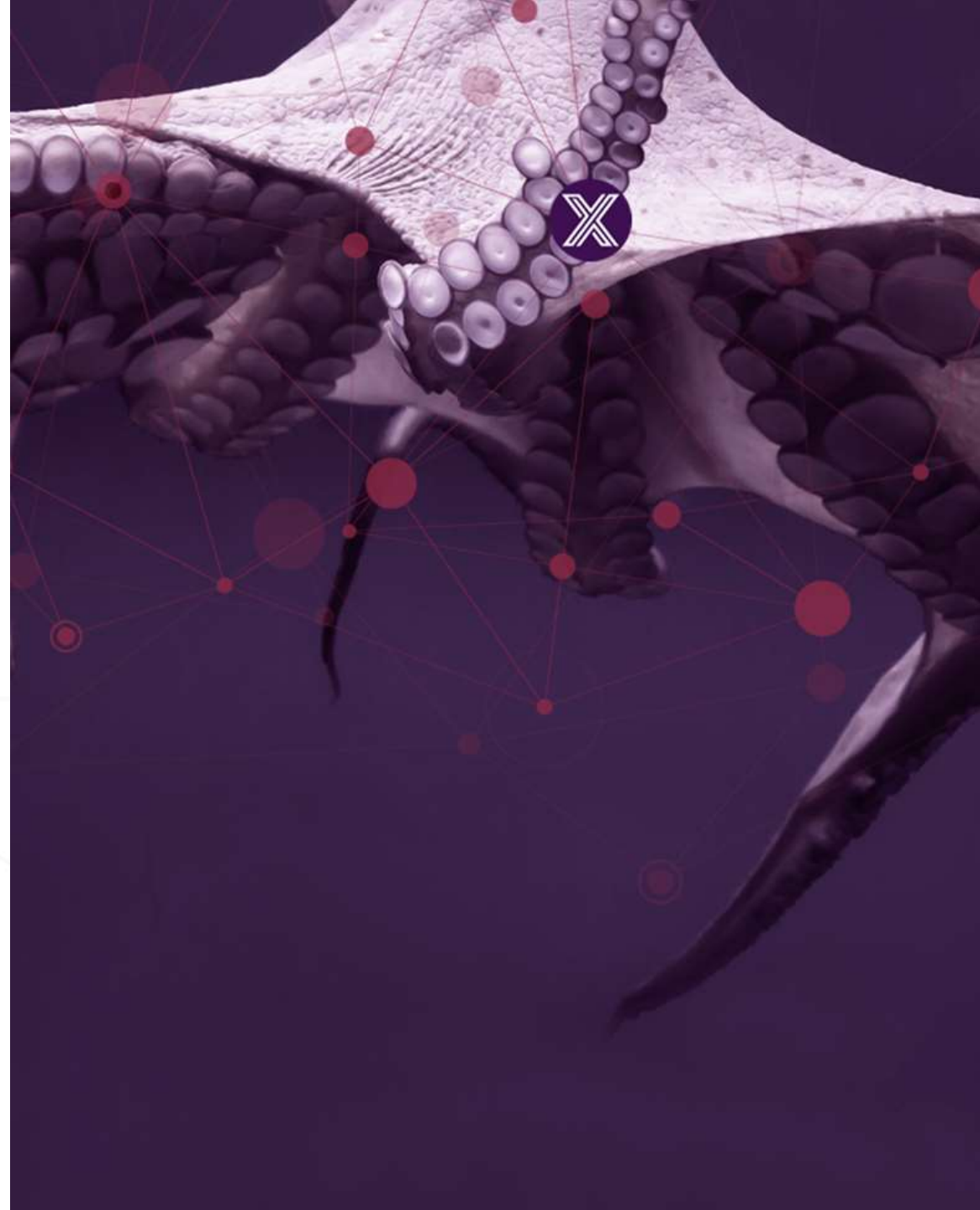


# Introduction

- Jim White
  - Dell Technologies IoT Solutions Division – Distinguished Engineer
  - Team Lead of the IoT Platform Development Team
  - Chief architect and lead developer of Project Fuse
    - Dell's original IoT platform project that became EdgeX Foundry
    - Yes – I wrote the first line(s) of code for EdgeX (apologies in advance)
  - EdgeX Foundry ...
    - Technical Steering Committee member
    - Ad hoc and unofficial lead architect

EDGE X FOUNDRY™

# Architecture & Technology



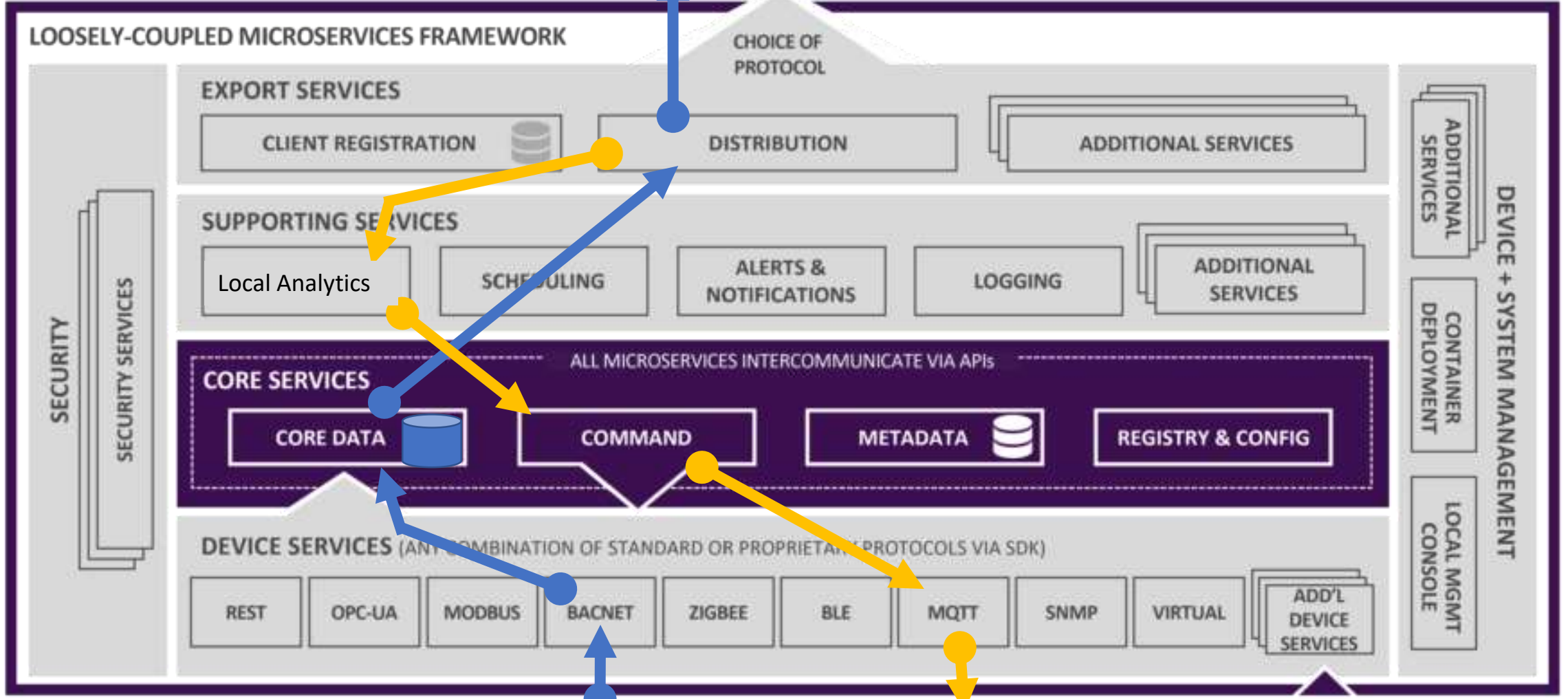
# Introducing EdgeX Foundry

- An open source, vendor neutral project (and ecosystem)
- A **microservice**, loosely coupled software framework for IoT edge computing
- Hardware and OS agnostic
- Goal: enable and encourage growth in IoT solutions
  - The community builds and maintains common building blocks and APIs
  - Plenty of room for adding value and getting a return on investment
  - Allowing best-of-breed solutions

# EdgeX Primer - How it works

- A collection of a dozen+ microservices
  - Written in multiple languages (Java, Go, C, ... we are polyglot believers!!)
  - Several commonly used library projects (common domain objects, client libraries, etc.)
- EdgeX data flow:
  - Sensor data is collected by a **Device Service** from a thing
  - Data is passed to the **Core Services** for local persistence
  - Data is then passed to **Export Services** for transformation, formatting, filtering and can then be sent “north” to enterprise/cloud systems
  - Data is then available for edge analysis and can trigger device actuation through Command service
- REST communications between the service
  - Some services exchange data via message bus (core data to export services and rules engine)
- Microservices are deployed via Docker and Docker Compose

Cloud, Enterprise, On-Prem...  
"NORTHBOUND" INFRASTRUCTURE AND APPLICATIONS



It's 102°C



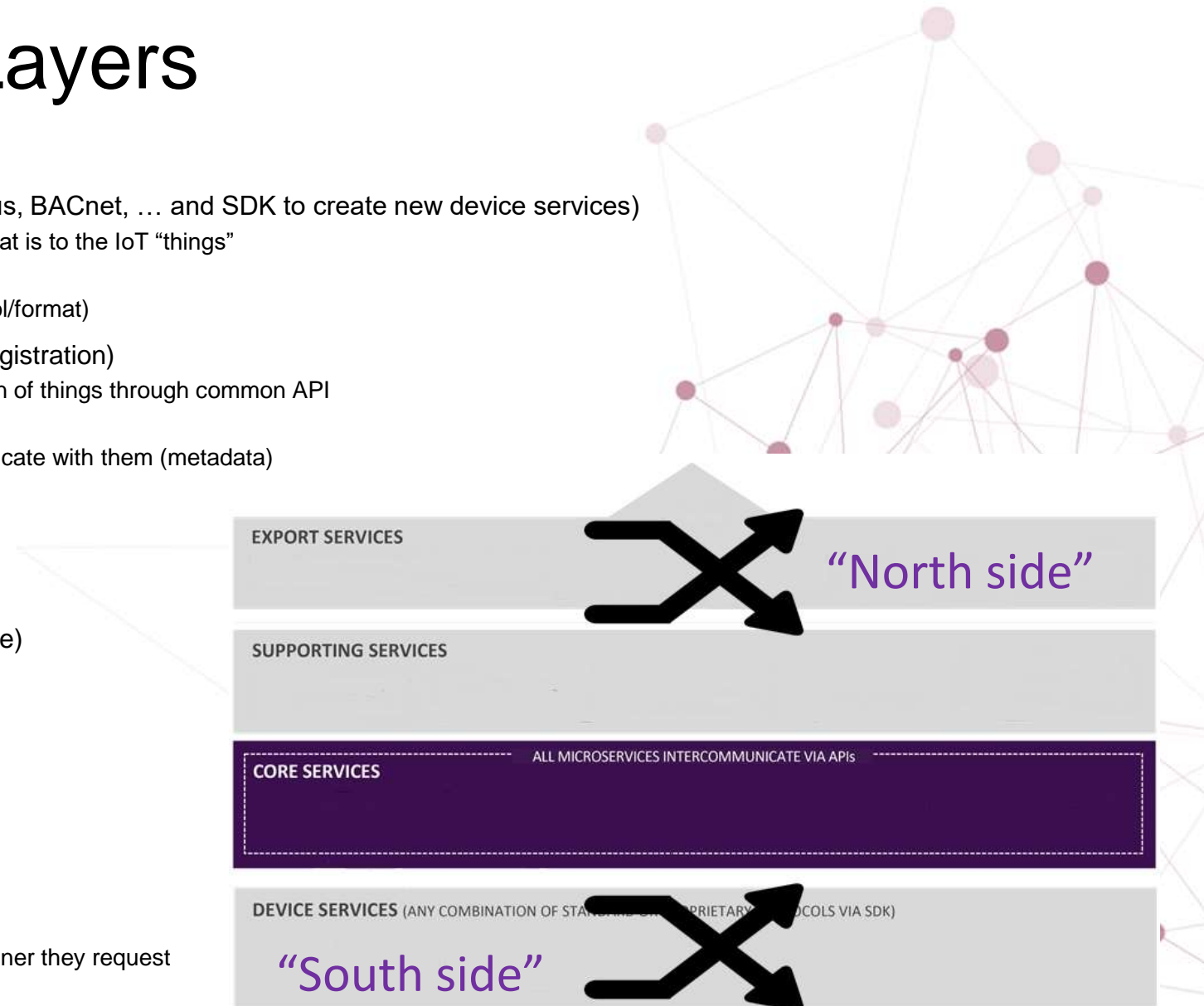
Stop the machine



"SOUTHBOUND" DEVICES, SENSORS AND ACTUATORS

# EdgeX Micro Service Layers

- Contextually, EdgeX micro services are divided into 4 layers
- Device Services (device services for various protocols like Modbus, BACnet, ... and SDK to create new device services)
  - Communicate in native sensor/device protocol to the physical – that is to the IoT “things”
  - Transform sensor data to common format
  - Translate command requests to actuate devices (in native protocol/format)
- Core Services (core data, metadata, command & configuration/registration)
  - Offers temporary persistence of edge data and facilitates actuation of things through common API
  - Collect sensor data
  - Understand what sensors/devices are connected how to communicate with them (metadata)
  - Provision facility for new sensors/devices (and device services)
  - Manage device actuation requests to device services/devices
  - Provide micro service registry
  - Provide micro service configuration
- Supporting Services (logging, notifications, scheduler, rules engine)
  - Normal software application duties plus “edge intelligence”
  - Logging
  - Notifications and alerting
  - Scheduling and clean up
  - Rules engine
- Export Services (client, distribution)
  - On or off box client registration of data
  - Distribution center of sensor data to clients
  - Transport edge data to the enterprise and cloud systems in a manner they request





# Performance Targets

- The target is to run all of EdgeX on a Raspberry Pi 3 type of device
  - 1 GB RAM, 64bit CPU, at least 32GB storage space
- Additional “developer community” targets
  - Startup in 1 minute or less (post OS boot)
  - Latency for one piece of data from data ingestion to actuation will be < 1 second
- Remaining OS and Hardware agnostic
  - Windows, Linux, \*nix, ...
  - Intel/Arm 64/Arm 32
- **Indications are that these targets are met or exceeded with the California release**

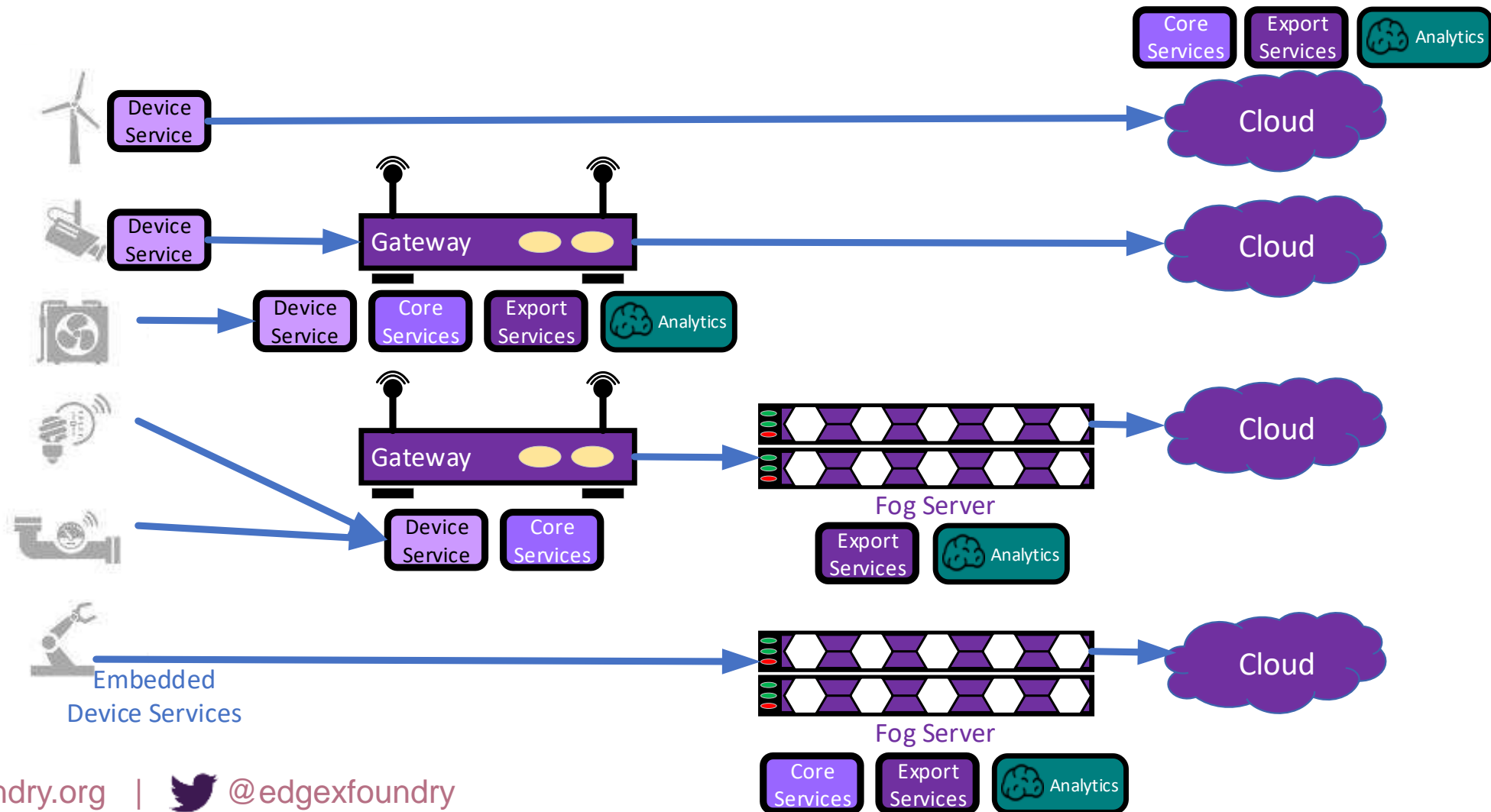


Current #'s	
Footprint	76 MB
Footprint with container	113 MB
Memory (idle)	26 MB
Memory with 100 devices	40 MB
Startup time	< 10 sec
<i>without DB or device services</i>	

# Microservice Distribution

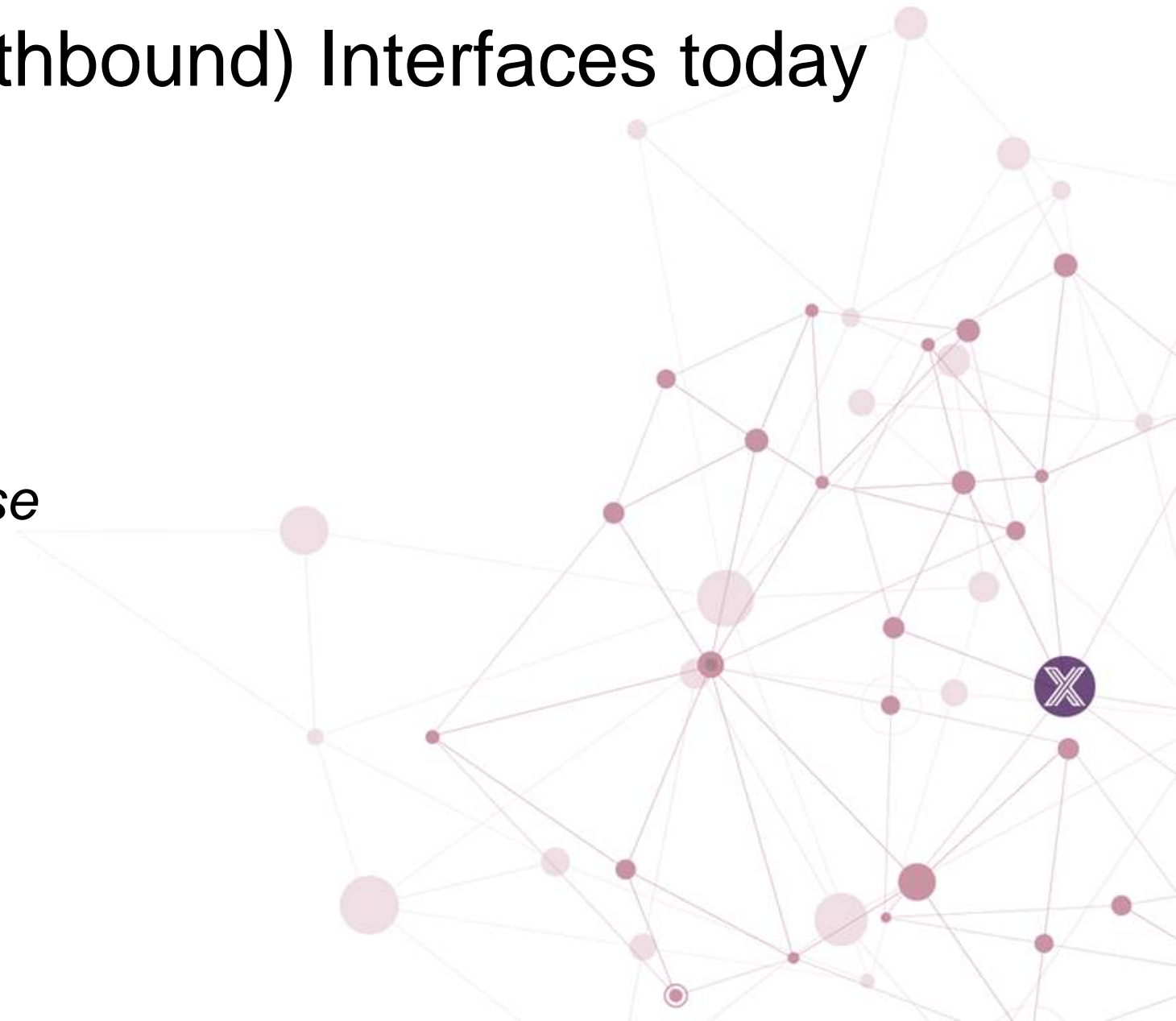
- Microservices can live where they can get the resources they need
- With a tendency to push to the south
  - Latency needs
  - Storage and transportation costs
  - Disconnected modes
- Allow the microservices to adapt to the use case
- Requires extremely loose coupling
- In some uses, microservices might be collapsed or combined

# EdgeX Flexible Deployment Possibilities



# Supported Export (Northbound) Interfaces today

- HTTP/HTTPS
- MQTT/MQTTS
- Google IoT Core
- Azure IoT Hub
- *Coming with California Release*
  - XMPP
  - ThingsBoard IoT
  - Brightics IoT
- *WIP*
  - AWS IoT
  - IBM Watson

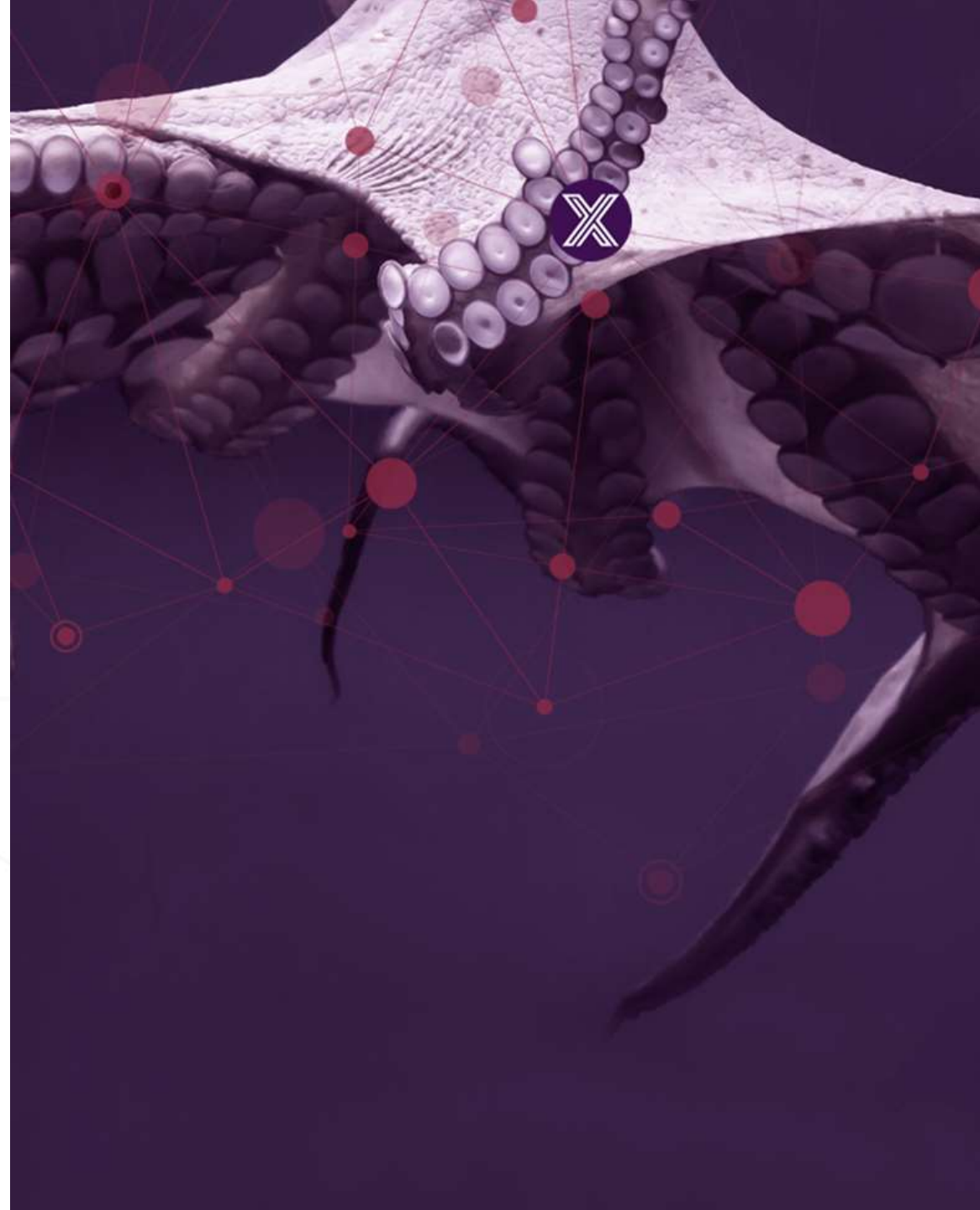


# Supported Device Services (South) Interfaces today

- Modbus
- BACNet
- MQTT
- OPC-UA
- SNMP
- BLE
- Device Service SDK's in Go and C coming this summer

EDGE X FOUNDRY™

# Ecosystem & Current Status

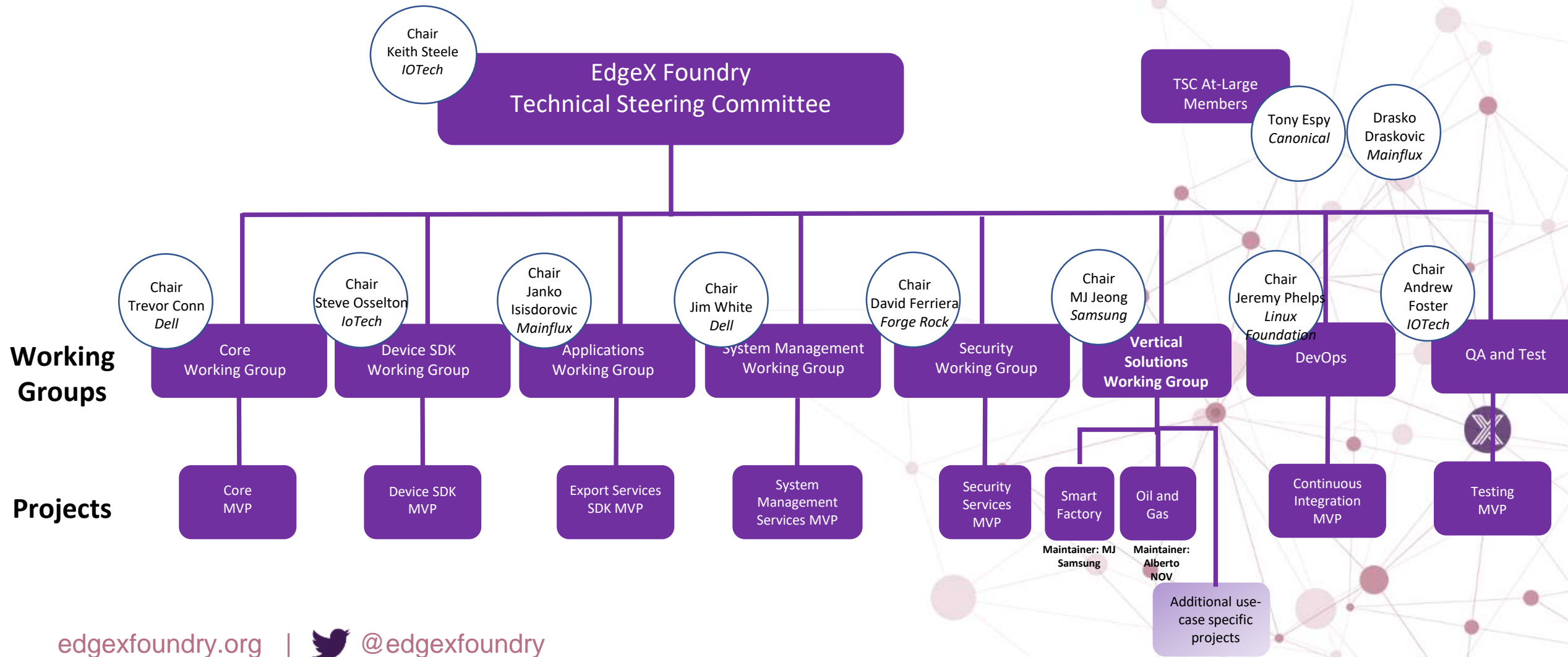


# Now Backed by 70+ Members



With more in process!

# EdgeX Project Organization

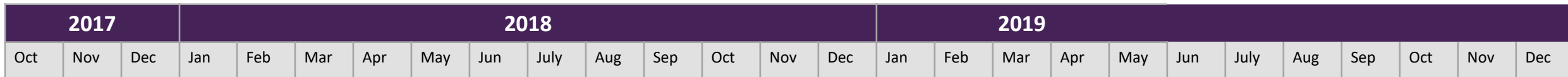




# Current Status

- EdgeX California Release on track for release at the end of June 2018. Key features include:
  - Initial security building blocks (reverse proxy, secure store)
  - Most services transitioned from Java to Go (exception: device services and SDK)
  - Dramatically improved performance, resource usage, and footprint (~7x reduction in size)
    - Already hitting our system performance targets
  - Additional “northbound” connectors
  - Improved documentation (documentation treated more like code in its management)
  - Arm 64 support
  - Blackbox testing for all services
  - Improved continuous integration
- Technical Steering Committee meet in Palo Alto, June 4-6
  - Scoped next release (code named Delhi) due Oct 2018
  - Roadmapped future releases (Edinburgh – Apr 2019, Fuji – Oct 2019)
  - Potential new members in attendance (Hitachi, Redis)
- Current membership: ~70 companies/organizations
  - Code contributions from ~40 developers

# EdgeX Releases



**Barcelona** Release

**(Released Oct 20 2017)**

- Improved fit and finish, formalized Core Service APIs, additional Device and Export Services, test apparatus

**California Preview**

**(Made available Jan 2018)**

- Drop-in Go Lang microservice replacements demonstrating reduced footprint and higher performance

**California** Release

**(Released June 2018)**

- First integration of security
- Run in < 1 GB RAM, come up in < 30 sec, < 1 second actuation latency

**Delhi** Release

**(Oct 2018)**

- Additional security and first manageability capabilities
- Go / C device service SDKs
- EdgeX UI

**Edinburgh** Release

**(Apr 2019)**

- Certification Program
- Improved and more scalable northbound connectors
- Southbound connectors to common protocol devices
- ARM 32 support

**Fuji** Release

**(Oct 2019)**

- Load balancing
- Multi-host EdgeX
- Additional security and system management capability

# Delhi Release - Major Themes & Objectives

- Smaller development cycle (due to California length) so scope has to match
- High level scope
  - Initial System Management APIs and agent
  - Device Service SDKs (Go/C) & at least one example device service
  - The next wave of security features
    - Access control lists to grant access to appropriate services, and improved security service bootstrapping
  - Improve testing
    - Better/more unit, complete black box and add performance testing
  - Refactored and improved Go Lang microservices
  - Design and architecture work in advance of Edinburgh release
    - Options and implementation plan for database replacement
    - Design and implementation plans for export service replacement with application services
  - An EdgeX UI suitable for demos and smaller installations

# Dell Technologies & EdgeX



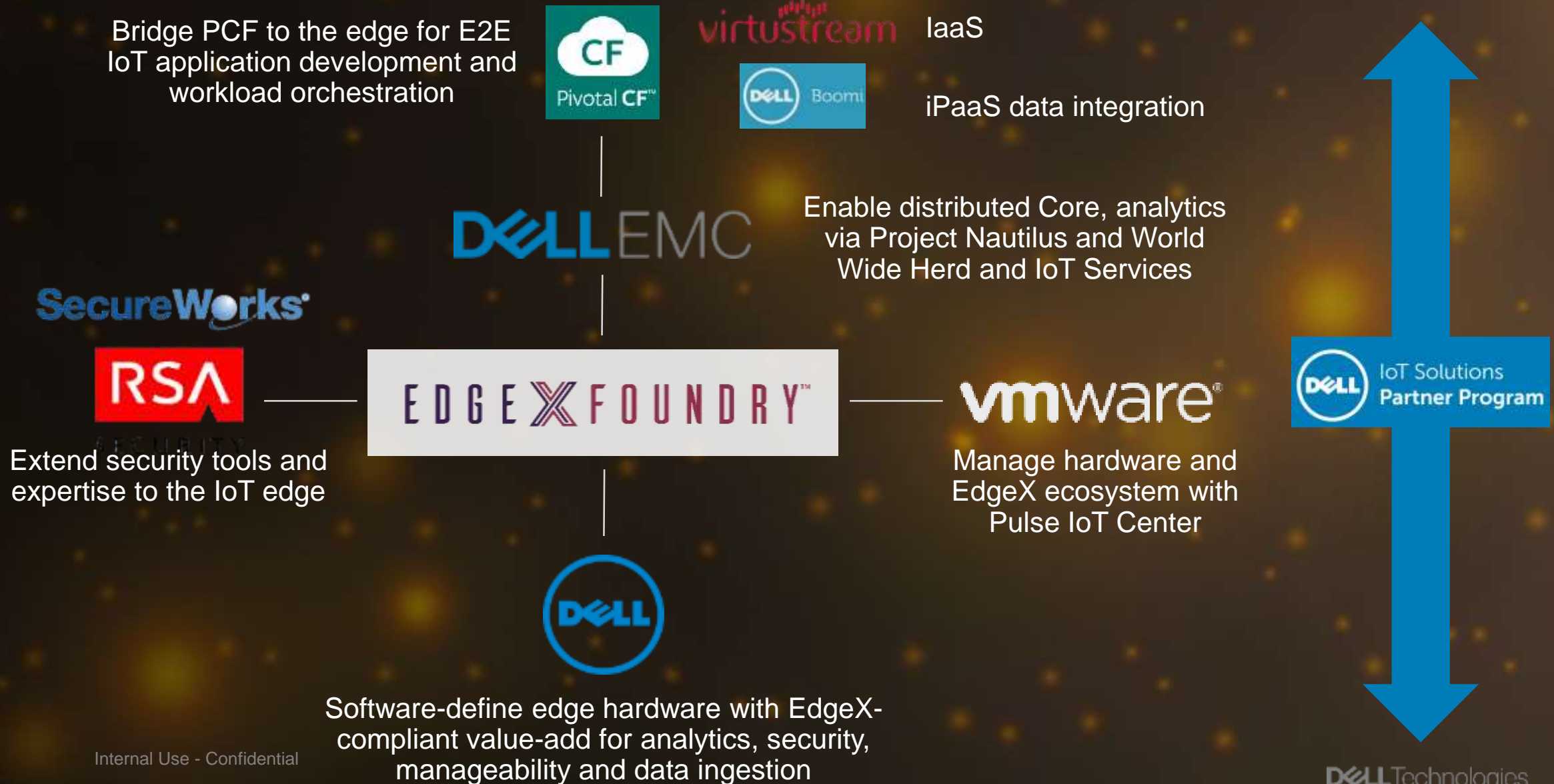
# Dell Technologies Commitment

- Dell invested ~7 man years of effort in Project Fuse (the precursor to EdgeX)
- Dell Technologies, IoT Solution Division announced in October 2017
- Dell Technologies, IoT Solution Division organized in February 2018
- IoT Platform Development Team in charge of Dell Technologies open source contributions
  - 6 full time employees dedicated to the development of EdgeX
  - Integration of EdgeX to DT products and solutions
- DT leadership
  - EdgeX Foundry, President, Governing Board (Jason Shepherd)
  - Two members of the Technical Steering Committee
  - Core Working Group Chairman (Trevor Conn)
  - System Management Working Group (Jim White)

Restricted - Confidential



# Dell Technologies IoT Offer



# DT Goals with EdgeX

- Help accelerate and drive the sale of IoT hardware, software and services
- Allow interoperability with partners
- Center of DT software solutions at the edge
  - Providing the base platform to leverage DT software portfolio at the edge (Pulse, RSA, PCF, etc.)
  - A distributable software solution that can be delivered and used on DT platforms (PCF, PKS) and hardware (gateways, vSphere, etc.)
  - Facilitate the transportation to DT cloud/data platforms and services
- Provide a total DT edge solution
  - PhotonOS (VMWare)
  - EdgeX
  - Pulse IoT Center/LIOTA
  - WWH
  - Dell Gateway
  - Dell Core servers

Restricted - Confidential



# Key Project Links

- Access the code:
  - <https://github.com/edgexfoundry>
- Access the technical documentation:
  - <https://wiki.edgexfoundry.org>
- EdgeX Blog:
  - <https://www.edgexfoundry.org/news/blog/>
- Join an email distribution:
  - <https://lists.edgexfoundry.org/mailman/listinfo>
- Join the Rocket Chat:
  - <https://chat.edgexfoundry.org/home>
- Roadmaps & Backlog
  - <https://wiki.edgexfoundry.org/display/FA/Roadmap>





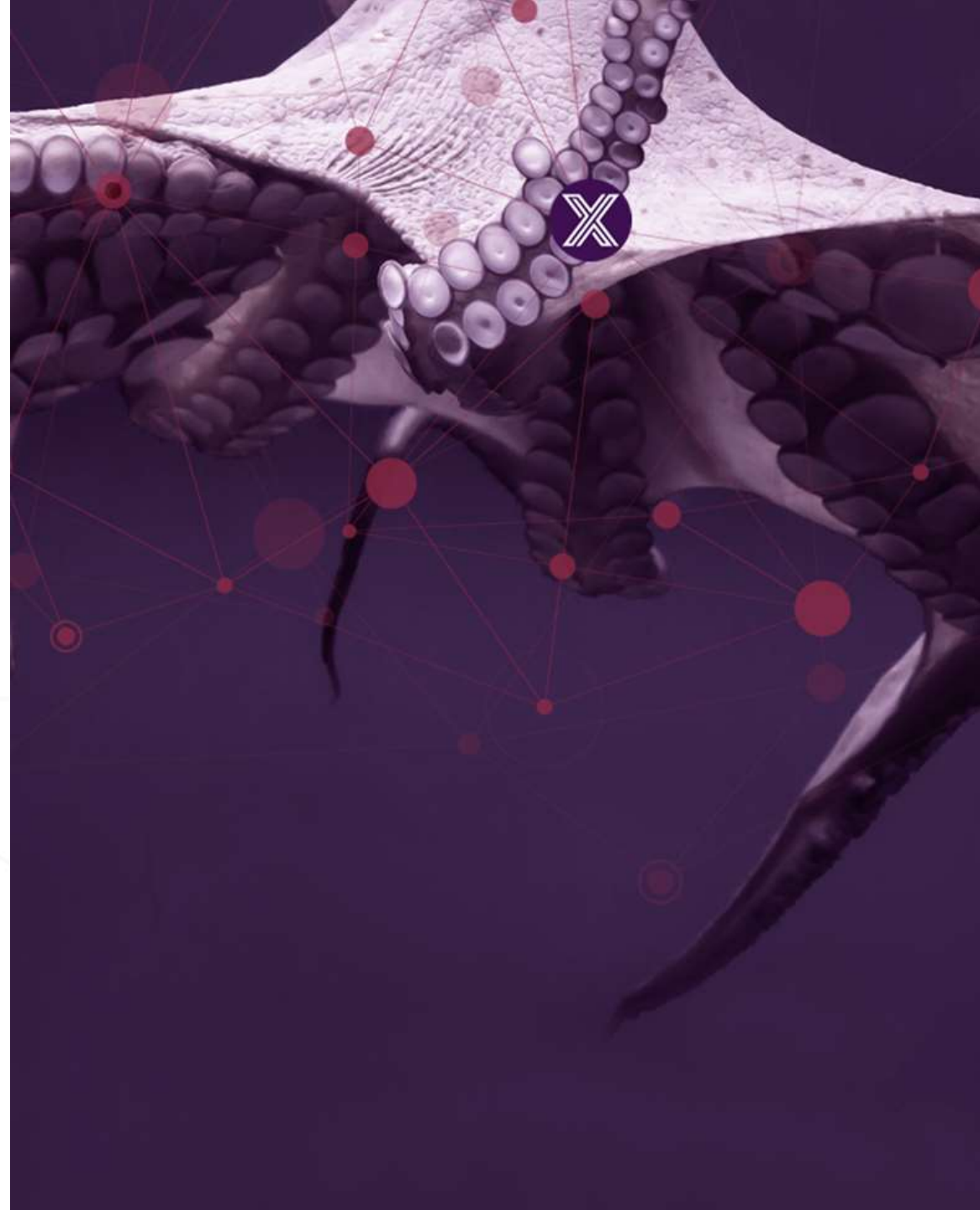
EDGE X FOUNDRY™

BACKUP

Use Cases & POCs

EDGE X FOUNDRY™

# Sample Proof-of-Concepts



# Industrial Automation POC



- Large industrial automation provider
  - Working with EdgeX to bridge legacy and new OT infrastructure to SCADA and proprietary cloud environments
  - Software stack/platform will be deployed in different operational configurations
  - Need the capability/flexibility to provide common software functions independent of the hardware configuration
  - Example: deploy the stack on a standalone very low footprint micro gateway connected directly to the cloud or distribute entire stack to a larger on-prem node
- Need the platform independence and small footprint EdgeX offers to run on their gateways
- Conducting gap analysis between existing data models to EdgeX model; exploring options for model changes or extensions
- Exploring 3rd party integration for system management



# Building Management POC

- A mid-sized building management company in the Germany needs to connect legacy systems to a central IoT system to unlock near real-time data on energy spend, space utilization and occupancy
  - Highlight resource usage discrepancies
  - Make informed cost saving decisions from data collected
- They want to build advanced analytics and visualization capability on top of a common/open platform
- Developing dynamic building automation by using EdgeX to integrate Lighting, Heating, Ventilation and AC
  - Will automatically respond to occupancy trends, people comfort and cost saving goals
- Plan to setup notifications and alerts to be notified when system performance falls outside of expected thresholds
- Given the size of their IT organization, they want to automate more tasks and use an open platform in order to leverage community assets where possible

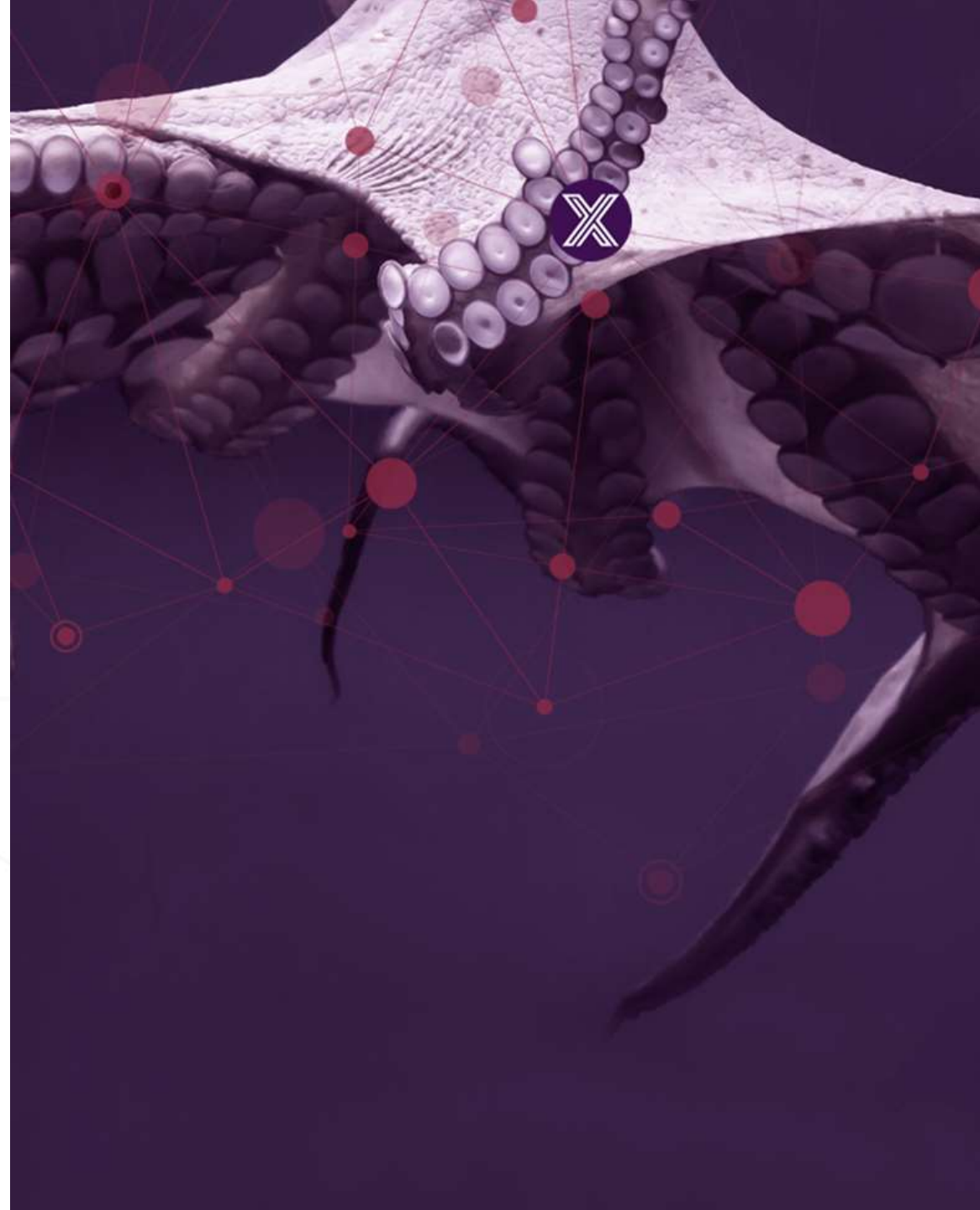


# Oil & Gas POC

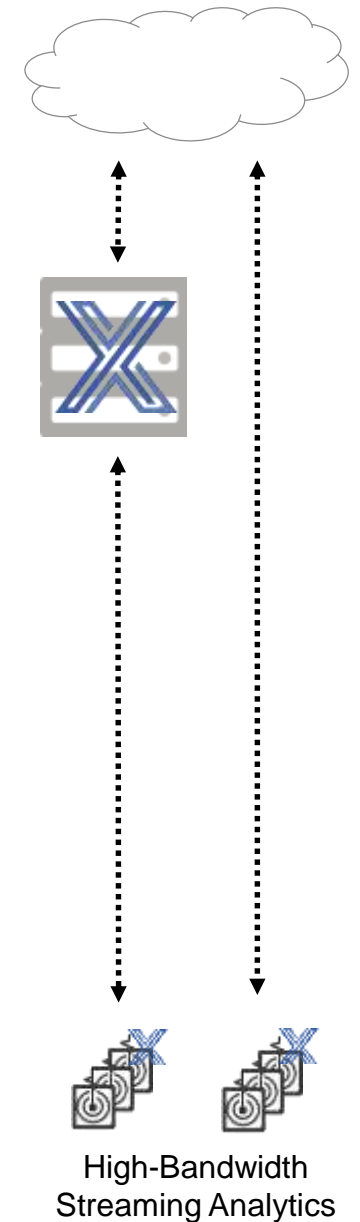
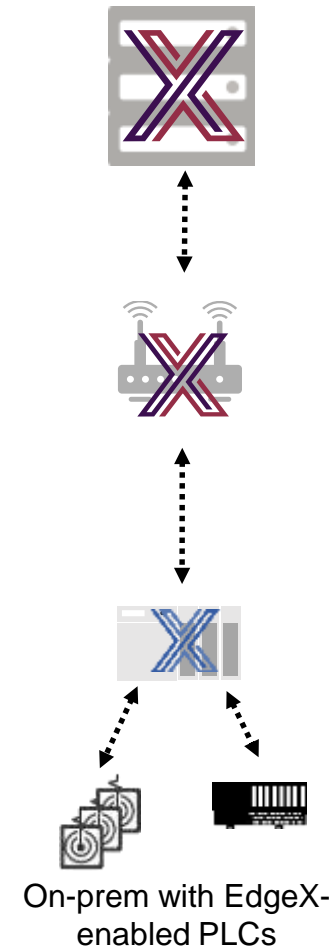
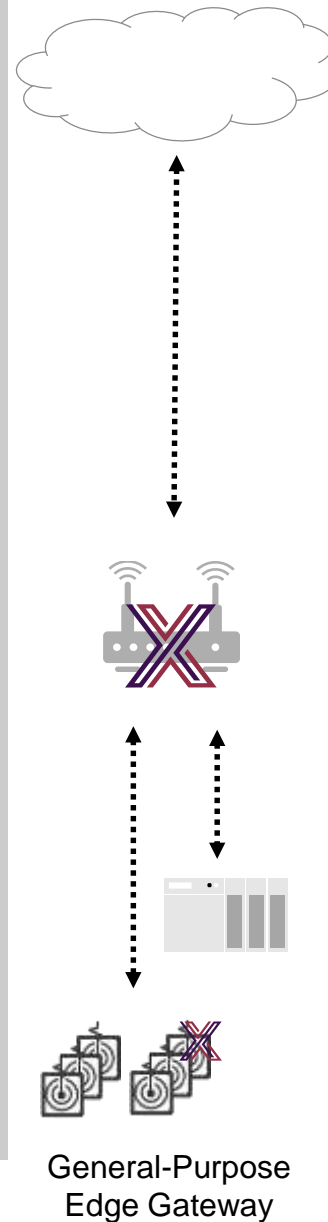
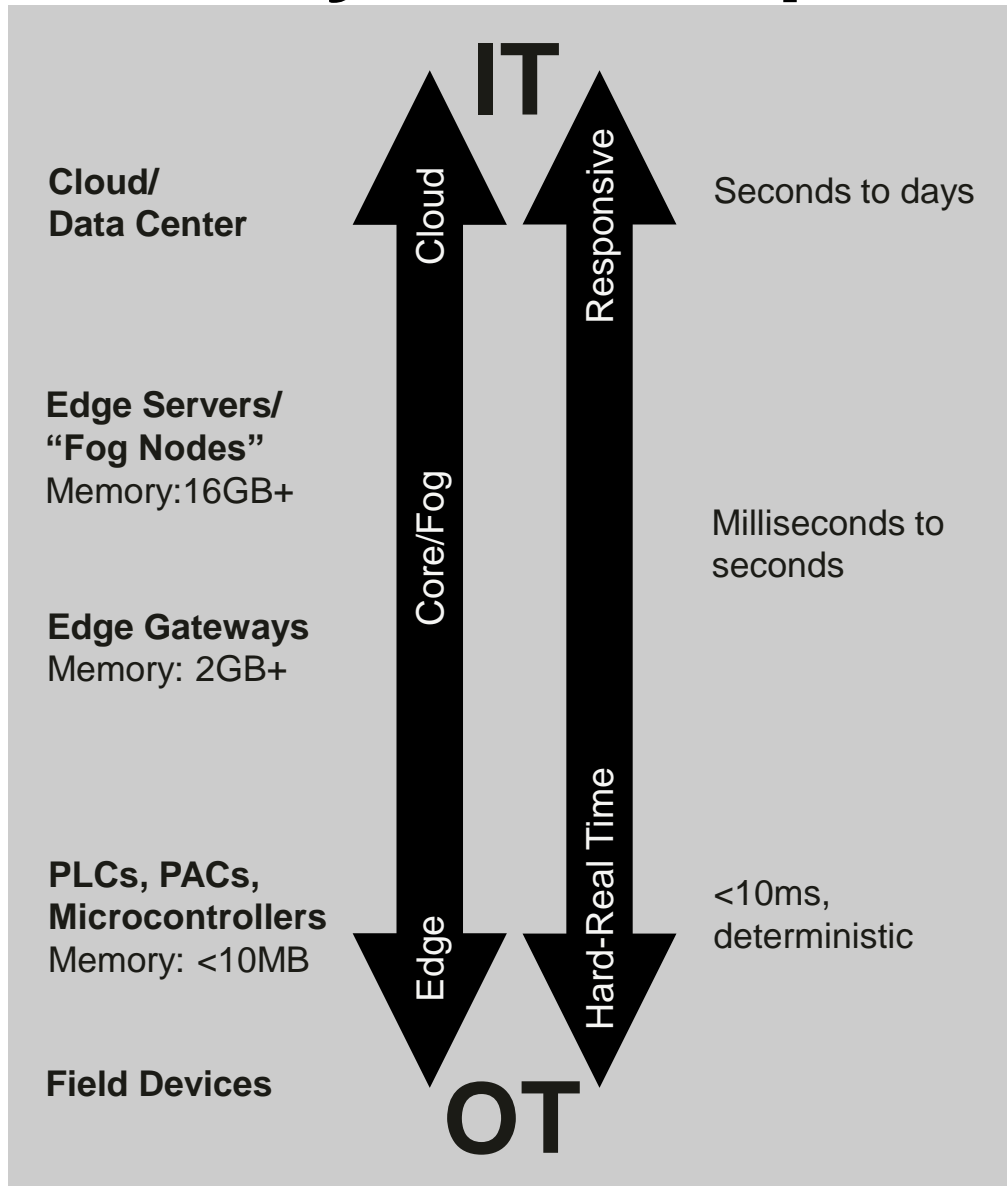
- A global oil and gas supplier has the need to incorporate numerous sensors/devices/controllers through a real-time bus while also integrating various controller applications
- EdgeX would serve as the interoperable glue that brings the mix of devices/control applications together
- Real time needs are going to be provided by an EdgeX commercialization and specialization firm

EDGE X FOUNDRY™

## Use Cases



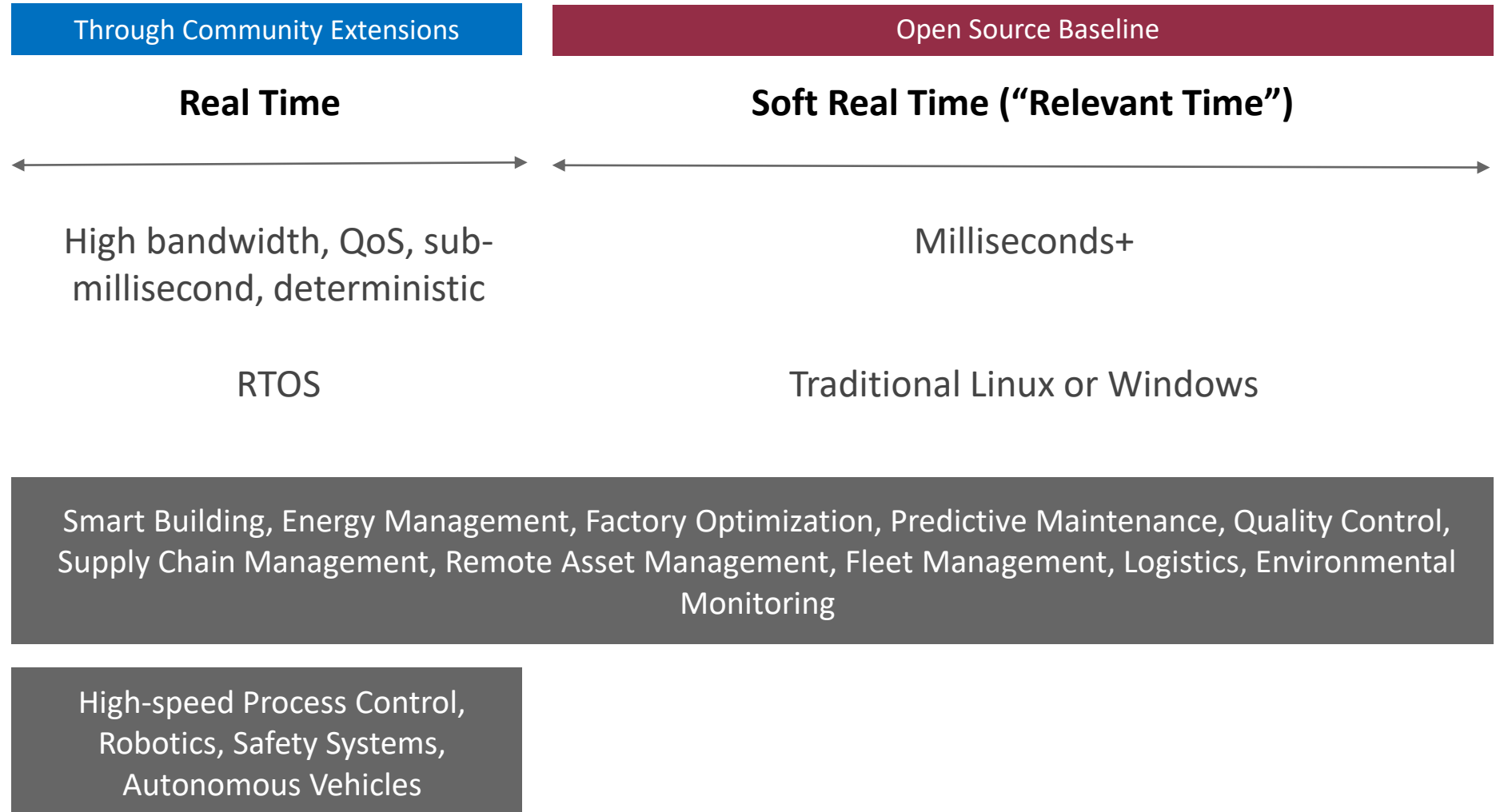
# Summary of Example Use Cases



Open Source Baseline

Proprietary EdgeX-compliant Extensions

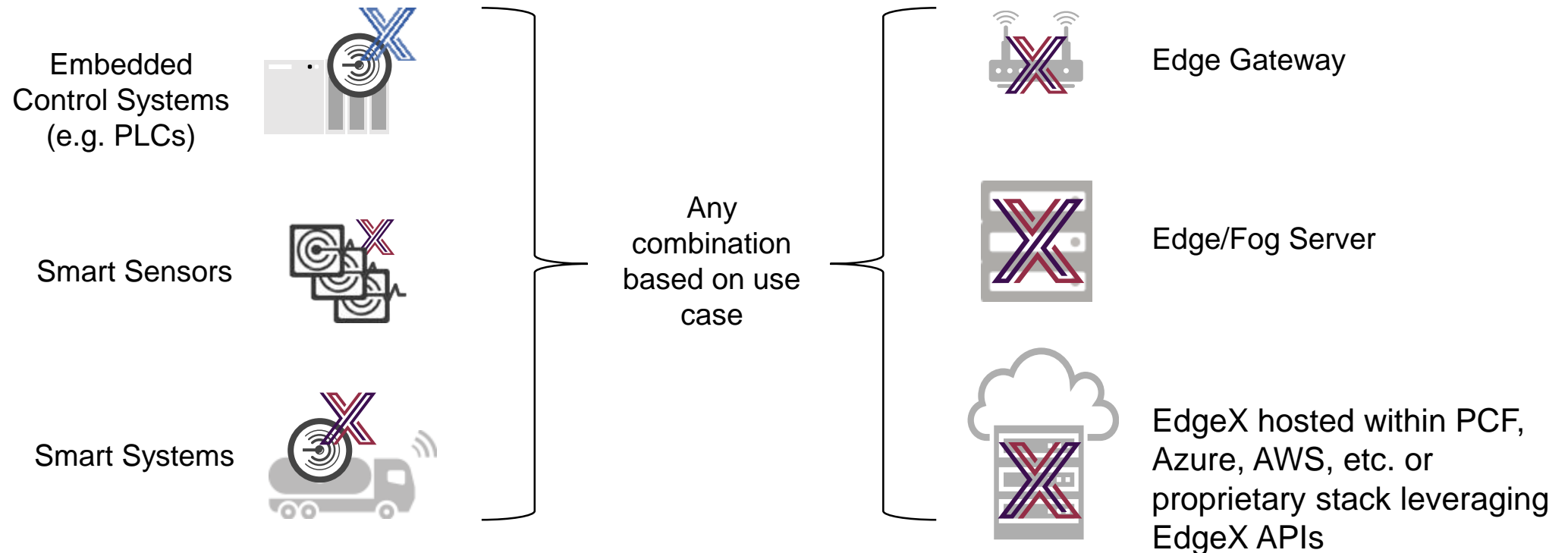
# Real Time Enabled Via Code Extensions





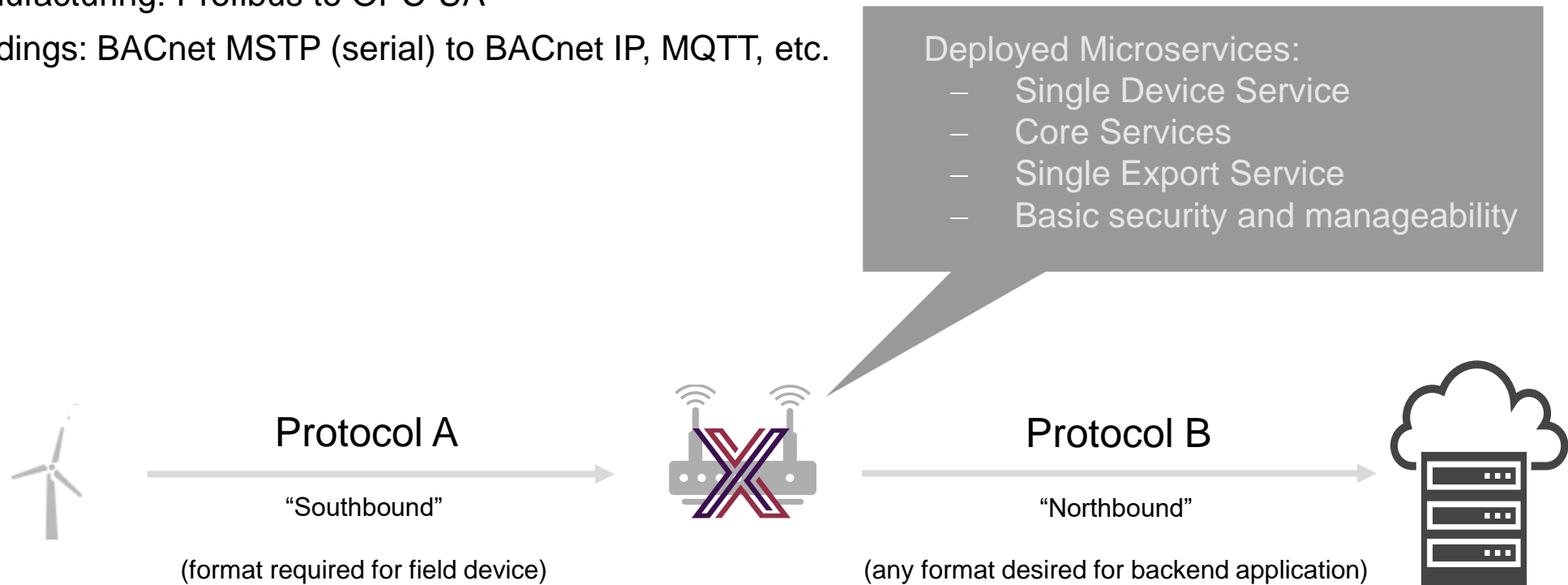
# Embedded Device Services

- Planned work will enable C-based Device Services to be embedded in constrained microcontrollers running a RTOS for real-time use cases (e.g. within a smart sensor or PLC)
- Due to loosely-coupled architecture, baseline EdgeX-compliant Device Services can be deployed directly on smart sensors or systems capable of hosting a microservice (via container or VM)
- IP-capable sensors with an EdgeX Device Service / APIs can communicate directly with Core Services running on any other compute node such as a gateway, server or directly to the cloud



# Simple Linking Device

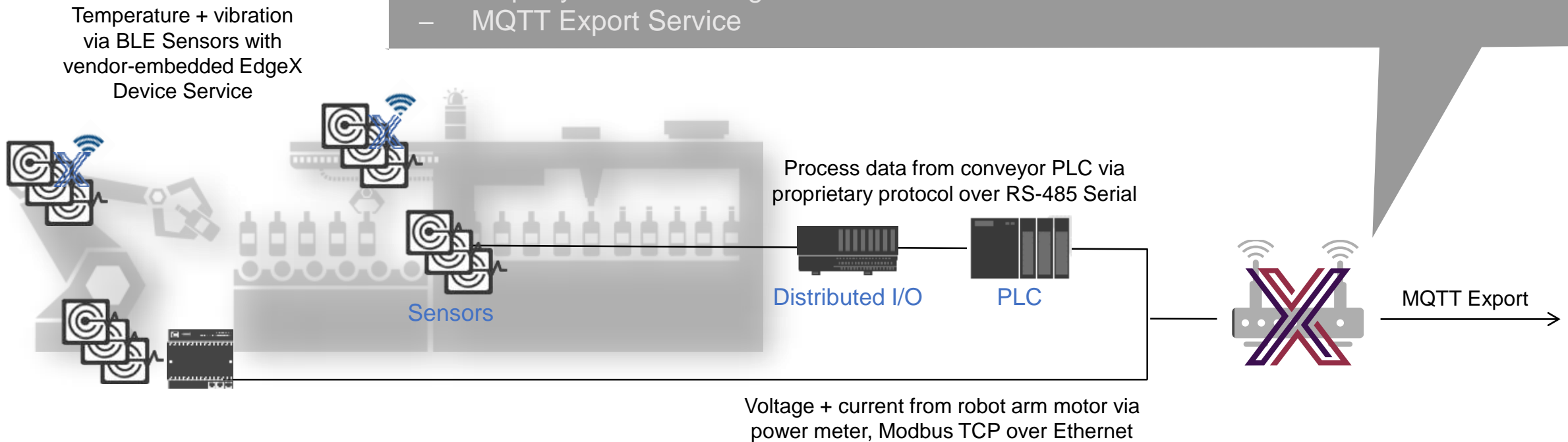
- A minimal deployment of EdgeX can function as a linking device which simply converts one protocol into another
- Typical protocol combinations vary by vertical and installation, some typical examples:
  - Energy: DNP3 to MQTT, Modbus to REST
  - Manufacturing: Profibus to OPC-UA
  - Buildings: BACnet MSTP (serial) to BACnet IP, MQTT, etc.



# Full Edge Gateway Stack in Manufacturing

## Deployed Microservices:

- Multiple Device Services for data ingestion and control across heterogeneous protocols
- Local database for buffering during periods of lost connectivity
- 3<sup>rd</sup> party CEP for edge analytics
- Various security services
- 3<sup>rd</sup> party remote management console
- MQTT Export Service



# Tiered Deployment in Smart Buildings

Number of deployed microservices and functionality increases higher in tier



## Room Level

- Ingestion for local temperature and occupancy data
- Simple rules engine to control temperature and lighting settings

## Floor Level

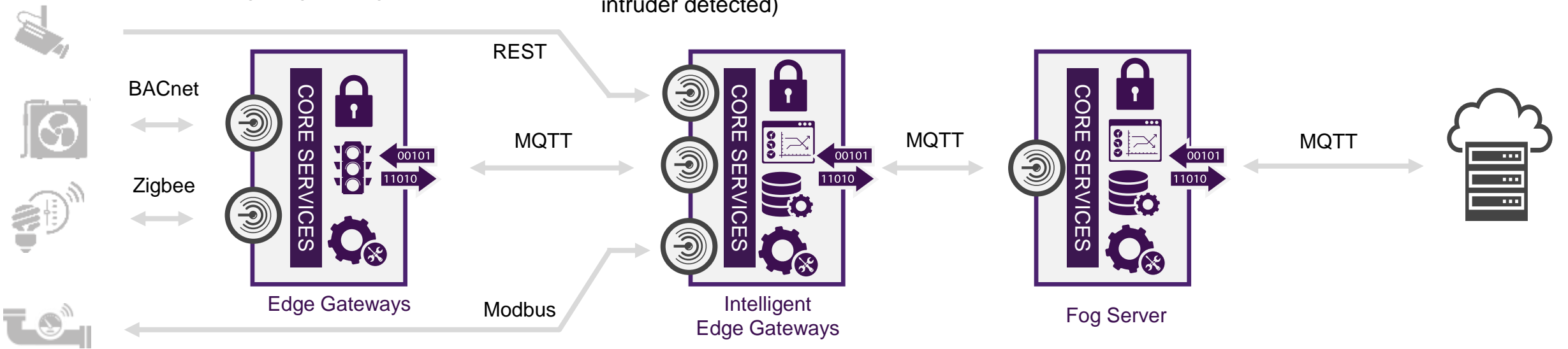
- Integration of temp and occupancy plus add'l events from surveillance cameras and overall energy usage data
- Basic ML/CEP for reacting to local events (e.g. alert security when intruder detected)

## Building Level

- Aggregated data for analytics of overall building performance
- Streaming data from all floors, more complex analytics

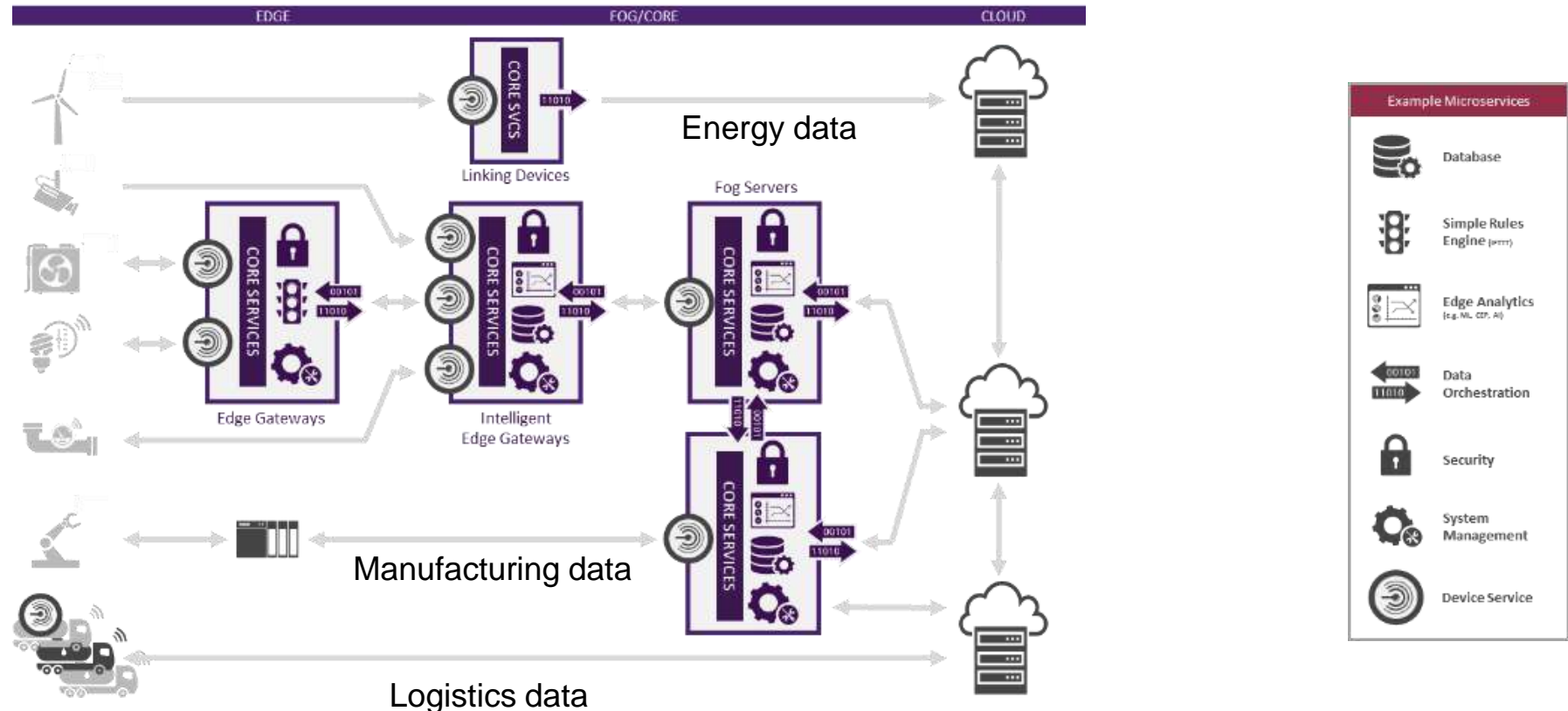
## Portfolio Level

- Deep learning in the cloud to optimize energy usage across entire real estate portfolio



# Distributed (e.g. ‘Fog’) Computing

- Introducing specific microservices to address QoS, failover between nodes, redundancy and “east-west” communication
- Workloads deployed dynamically at different tiers to optimize performance and results.
- In a manufacturing example, data can be coordinated for manufacturing process, building performance energy usage and logistics across various buildings, plants and trucks.





EDGE X FOUNDRY™

Thank You