

CoAP EdgeX Device Service and low power wireless

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About Ken

- Software Engineer, 30+ years experince
- Broad background but focus on low power wireless
- Author of gcoap library for RIOT OS
- Commercial sensor network product team

Topics

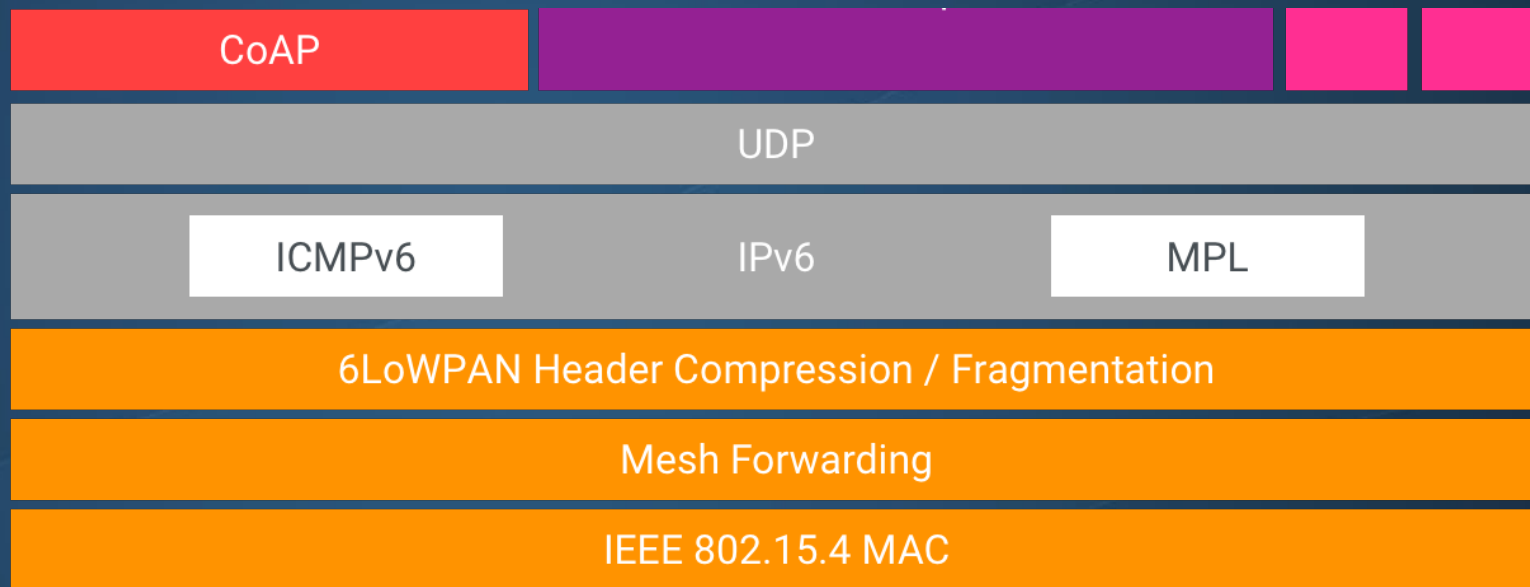
- CoAP format, stack, security
- device-coap-c integration
- Next steps
- Wireless use cases

CoAP

- Constrained Application Protocol
- IETF RFC 7252, 2014
- Compact, binary request/response
- UDP / IP

HTTP / REST for constrained environments

Network Stack

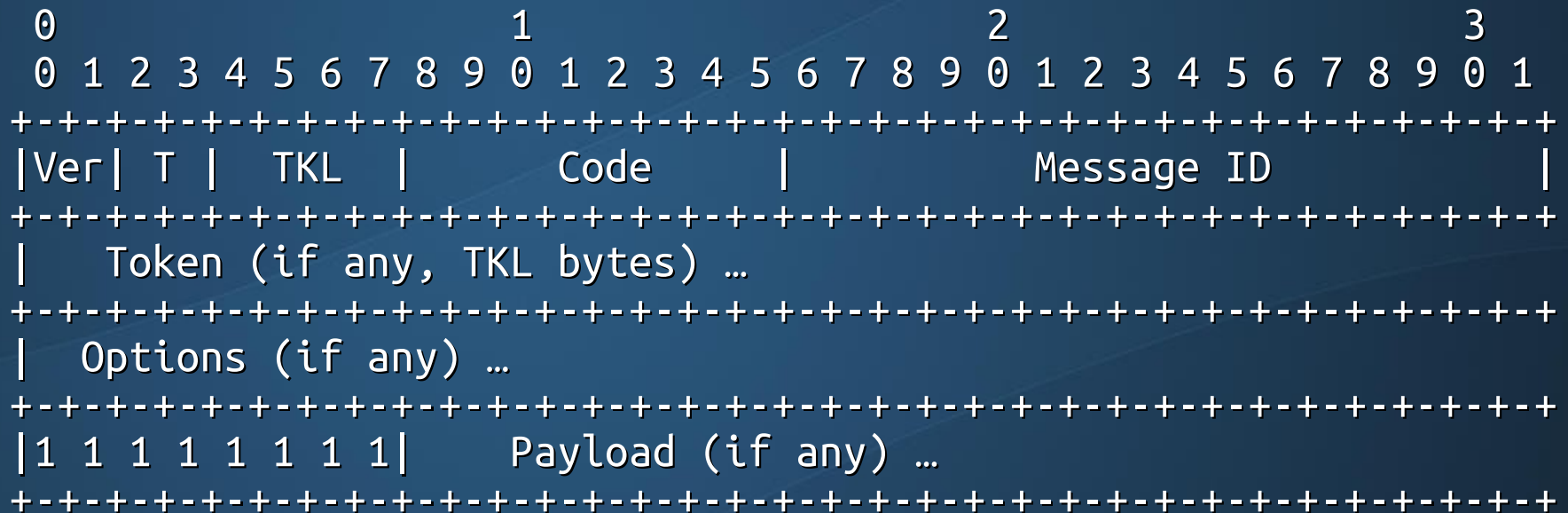


- 127 byte frame
- mesh network, sensors, lighting, Nest
- Nordic, TI, ST, NXP, SiLabs, Microchip
- CHIP – Connected Home over IP (Zigbee, Thread, BLE) Amazon, Apple, Google

EdgeX for Wireless Sensors

- Segregate NB/SB networking
 - HTTP/MQTT (TCP) <--> CoAP (UDP)
 - IPv4 <--> IPv6
 - TLS <--> Link layer
- Aggregate sensor network data for NB
- Fuse sensor data into local actions

Message Format



Type	0 CONFirmable, 1 NON-confirmable, ... <i>reliability</i>
Code	0.1 GET, 0.2 POST, ... 2.05 Content, 4.04 Not Found
Message ID	Deduplication
Token	Up to 8 bytes, transaction management
Options	11 Uri-Path, 12 Content-Format, ... <i>delta encoding</i>
Payload	Block protocol if not big enough

Link Layer Security

- 802.15.4 AES-CCM, like DTLS PSK
- Thread
- EdgeX at wireless border

CoAP Transport Security

DTLS for UDP

- Pre-shared Key – AEC-CCM 16 bytes
- Full certificate or raw public key
- TinyDTLS, MbedTLS, OpenSSL, WolfSSL, GnuTLS
- See RFC 7925

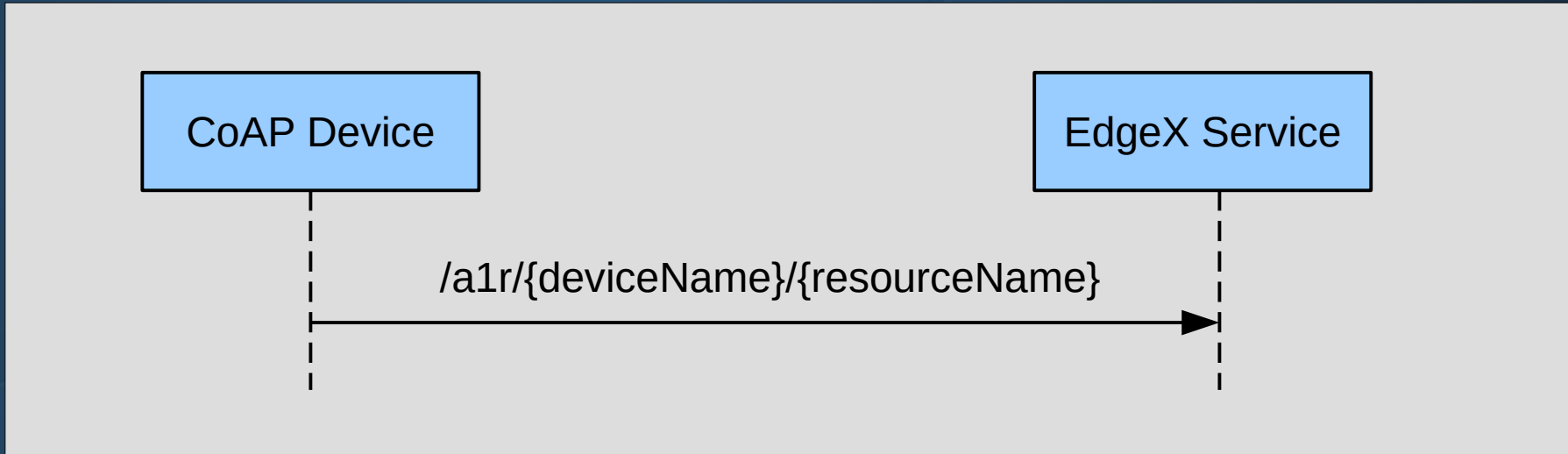
OSCORE Security

- Application level, end to end
- Payload and some options
- 2019

device-coap-c

- async data post, like *device-rest-go*
- libcoap - mature
- DTLS PSK security
- GitHub: [kb2ma/device-coap-c](https://github.com/kb2ma/device-coap-c)

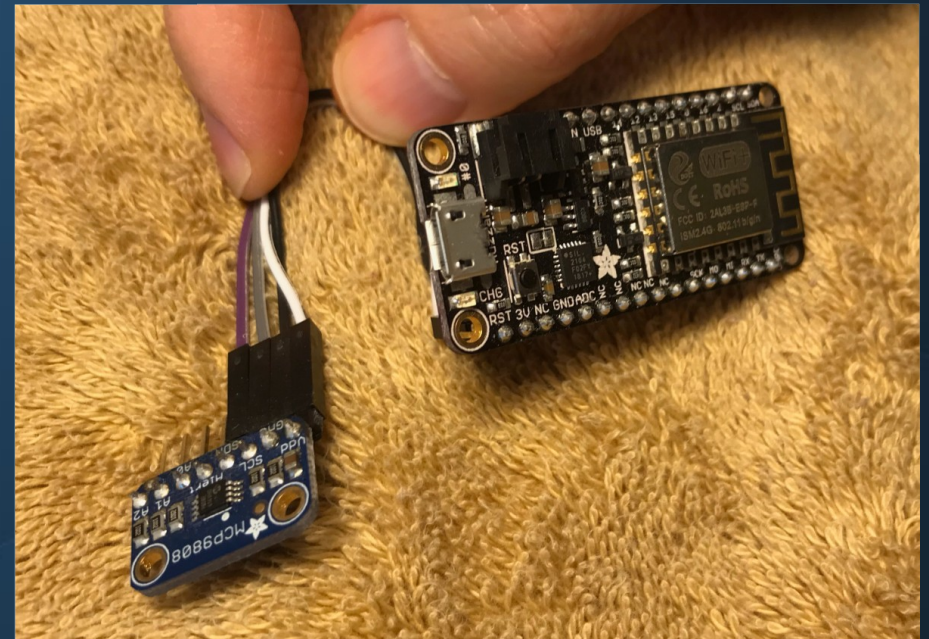
Device-Service Mapping



- `deviceName` – pre-defined in service config
- `resourceName` - same for device and service

Demo Time!

- Adafruit ESP8266 + MCP9808 I2C temperature sensor
- riot-edgex-coap-client firmware
- README, profile, config



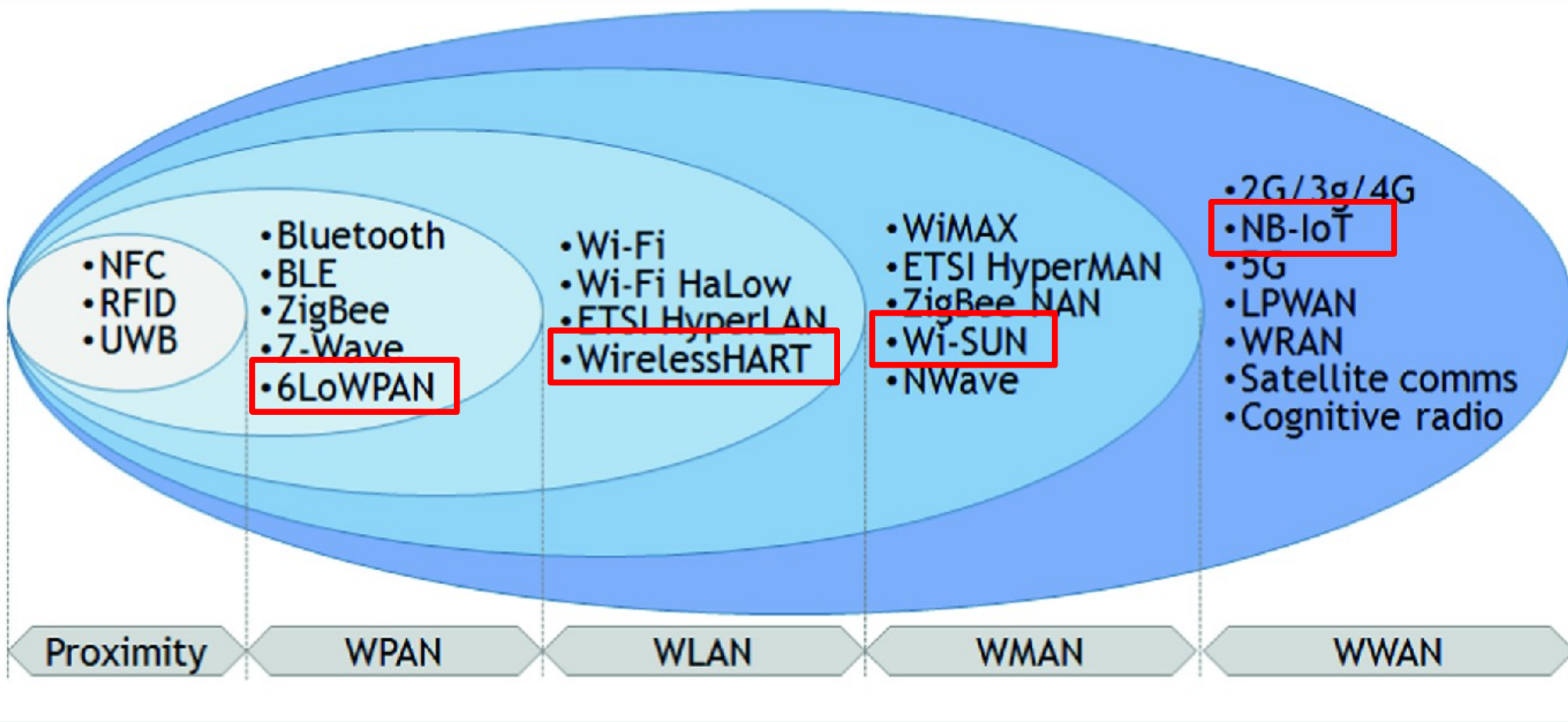
Next Steps

- EdgeX site link to device-coap-c repo?
- More data types
- Vault credentials
- Device specific authentication

Long term: LwM2M

- Device registration, configuration

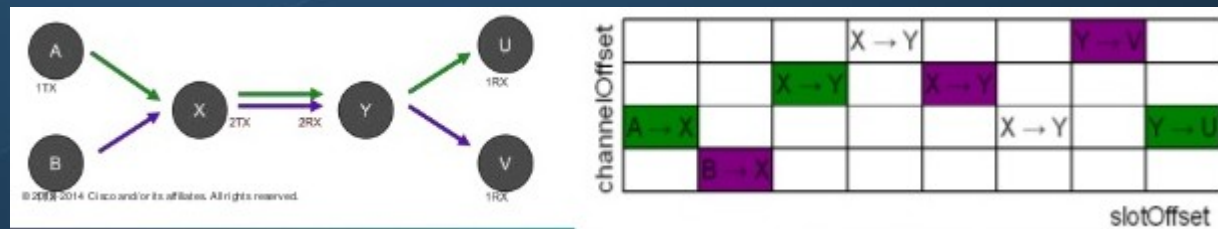
CoAP by Wireless Range



Low power, IP, low latency, mesh networks

LAN - 6TiSCH and IIOT

- IPv6 + Time slotted channel hopping
- TSCH = 802.15.4e, WirelessHART, ISA 100
- Mesh networks, high reliability, low power
- Analog Devices (Dust), Cisco



MAN - Wi-SUN

FAN Use Cases

((LPWAN))

Network Operations Center

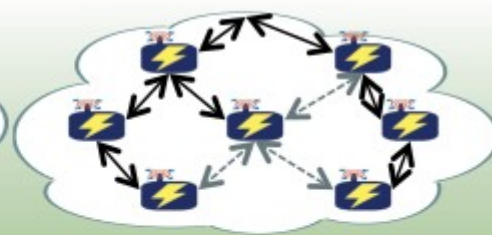
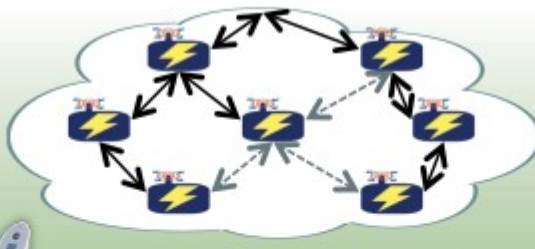
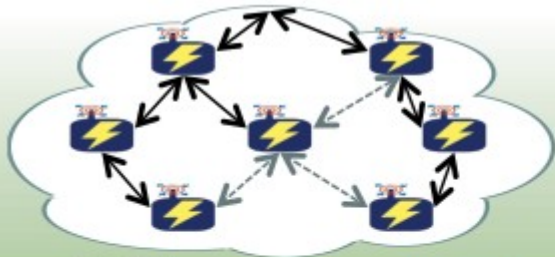
Public or Private WAN Backhaul
(Cellular, WiMAX, Fiber/Ethernet)



IEEE 802.15.4g/e RF Mesh

IEEE 802.15.4g/e RF Mesh

IEEE 802.15.4g/e RF Mesh



WAN

FAN



AMI Metering

Transformer Monitoring

Distribution Automation

EV Charging Infrastructure

Direct Load Control

Outdoor Lighting

Gas / Water Meters

Distributed Generation

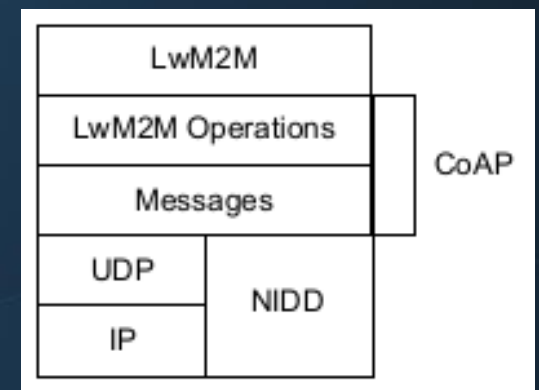
SCADA Protection and Control Network

LPWAN@IETF97

Smart Grid – Itron, Landis+Gyr
Smart City – City of London, Copenhagen, Tokyo

WAN – LwM2M, NB-IoT

- LwM2M – OMA application spec
- Generic, end-to-end solution
- Bootstrap server, Queue mode, ...
- Path /3303/{n}/5700 = temperature value
- NB-IoT – long range, no mesh
- NIDD – non-IP transport
- T-Mobile, AT&T, Verizon, ARM Pelion, Ericsson



Next Generation

- Scavenge energy – ambient light, heat, vibration
- Very small, implantable
- Range 10s of meters
- Presumably low cost
- Cortex M0, 16k RAM
- Validates tiered networking

